

# Welcome and Introduction

Fiscal Year 2009 Initial Grantee Meeting  
November 18 – 19, 2009 ~ Irving, Texas



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**U.S. Department of Education, Office of Safe and Drug-Free Schools  
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# Opening Session Agenda

- Review Meeting Agenda
- Introduce Staff and Speakers
- Goals of the Meeting
- Why Emergency Management Plans Are Critical
- What Do We Know About the Status of School Emergency Management Efforts?
- What We Want Schools To Do
- Lessons Learned
- Available Resources



# Agenda: November 18, 2008

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<b>8:30 a.m. – 9:15 a.m.</b>	Welcome & Introduction
<b>9:15 a.m. – 11:15 a.m.</b>	Grant Administration
<b>11:30 a.m. – 12:15 p.m.</b>	National Incident Management System
<b>12:30 p.m. – 1:45 p.m.</b>	Lunch & Plenary Presentation
<b>2:00 p.m. – 3:45 p.m.</b>	Concurrent Sessions
<b>3:45 p.m. – 4:15 p.m.</b>	Dessert & Networking Break
<b>4:15 p.m. – 4:45 p.m.</b>	Concurrent Sessions



# Agenda: November 19, 2008

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**8:00 a.m. – 8:45 a.m.**

Readiness and Emergency Management for Schools (REMS) Grant Monitoring

**9:00 a.m. – 10:30 a.m.**

Concurrent Sessions

**10:45 a.m. – 11:15 a.m.**

Concurrent Sessions

**11:30 a.m. – 1:00 p.m.**

Lunch & Plenary Presentation

**1:15 p.m. – 2:45 p.m.**

Concurrent Sessions

**2:45 p.m. – 3:15 p.m.**

Dessert & Networking Break

**3:15 p.m. – 4:45 p.m.**

Concurrent Sessions

**4:45 p.m.**

Adjourn



# Goals of the Meeting

- Provide attendees with practical, accurate and timely information regarding emergency management for schools.
- Provide attendees with skills necessary to successfully implement their emergency management plans.
- Emphasize the importance of community collaborations to support emergency planning.
- Motivate attendees to review and, where appropriate, revise their existing emergency management plans.



# Who are the Fiscal Year (FY) 2009 REMS grantees?



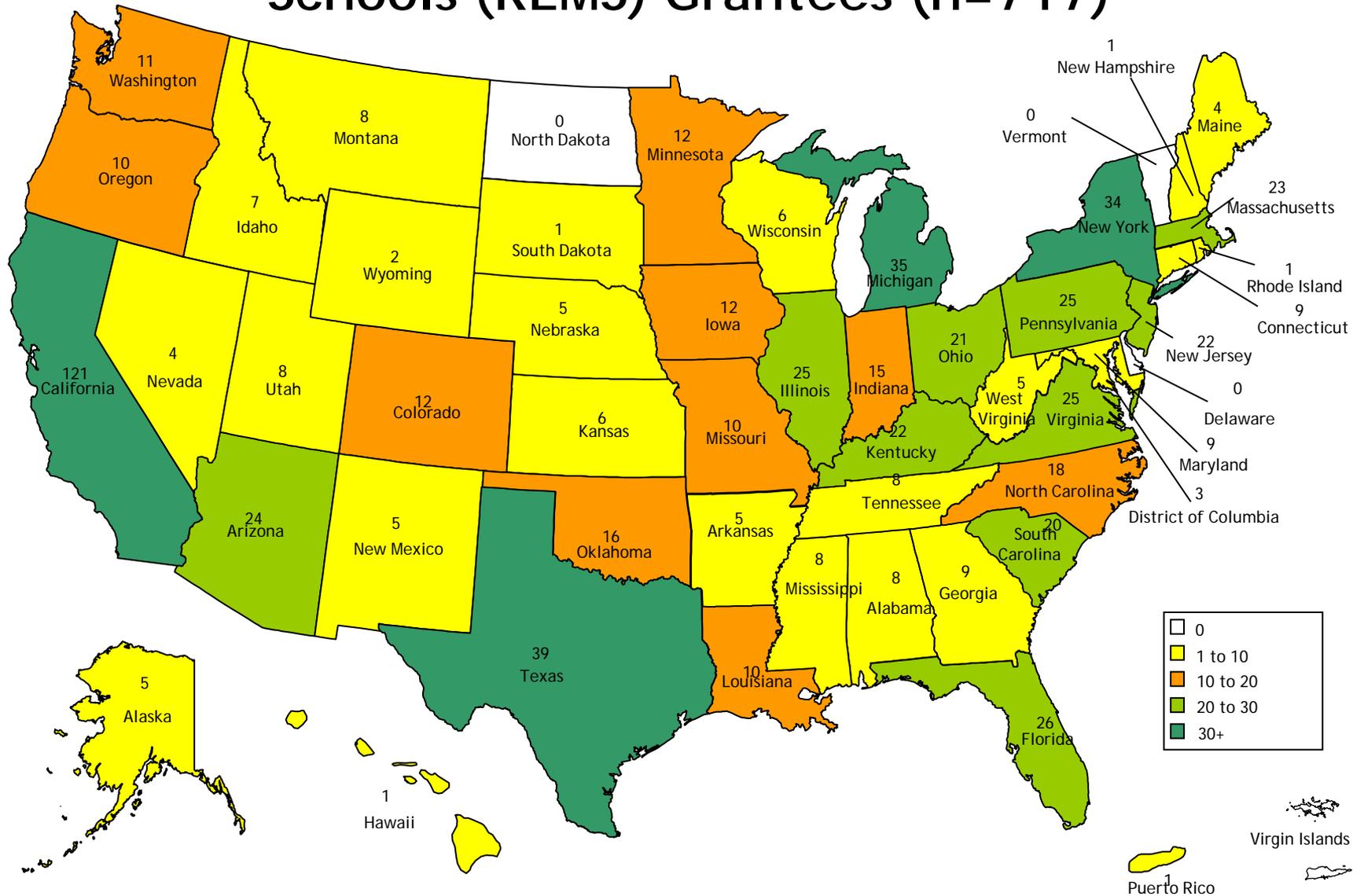
# Summary of REMS FY 2009 Cohort

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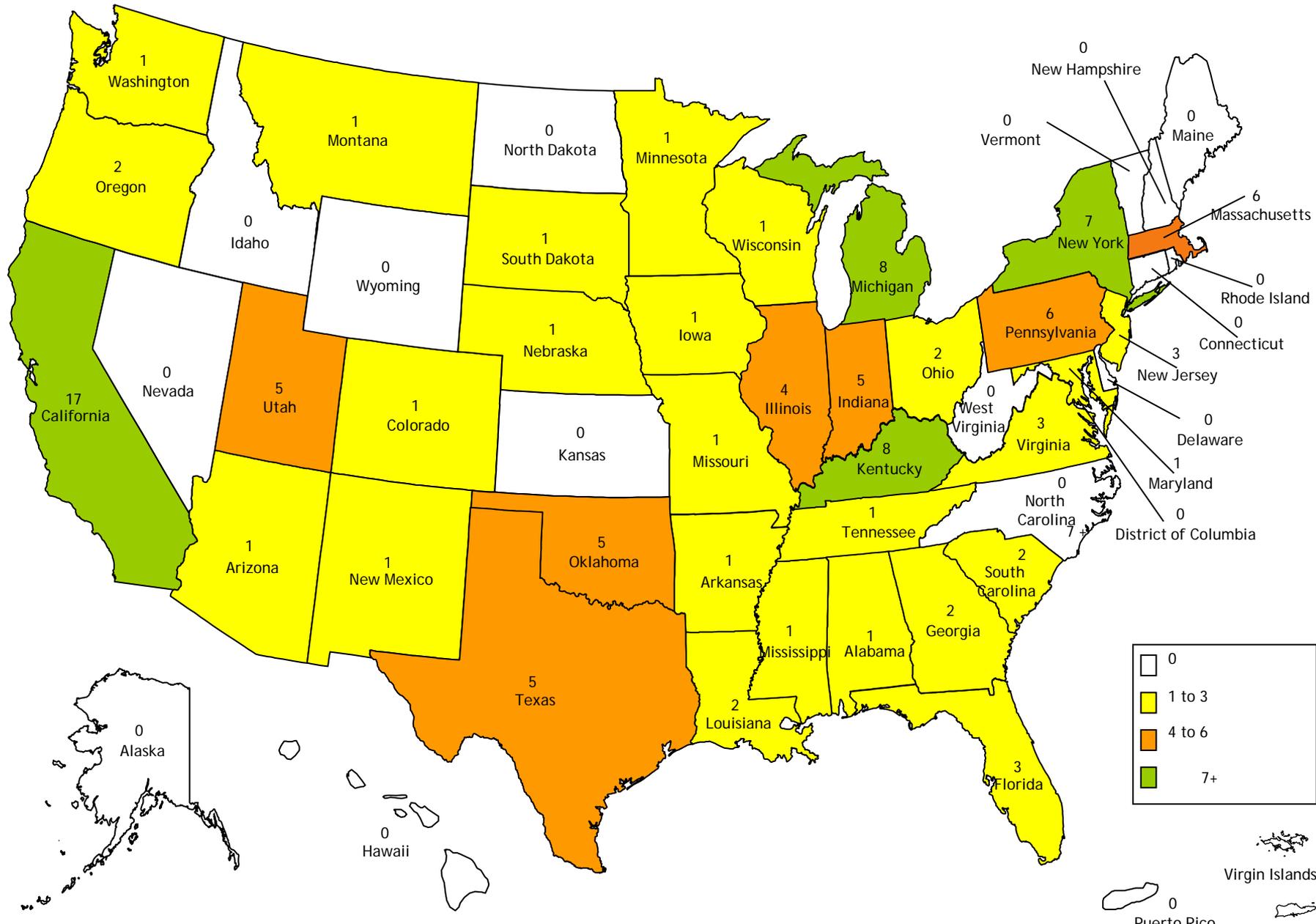
- 111 grantees funded across 35 states
- More than \$26 million in funding awarded to grantees (local educational agencies)
- More than 5,353 schools and 3,349,394 students impacted



# FY 2003-2009 Readiness and Emergency Management for Schools (REMS) Grantees (n=717)



# FY 2009 Readiness and Emergency Management for Schools (REMS) Grantees (n=111)



# Why should schools have an emergency management plan?



# Stuff Happens!

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- And we either plan to deal with it when it happens and thereby help minimize its consequences, or we let it take control and steer us in directions we may not want to go!



# Stuff Happens!

- Every day!
- Along a continuum!
- In almost every district!
- To a variety of different populations (e.g., students, faculty)!
- When least expected!



# Recent Events

- **September 25, 2009:** A high school student is shot and killed after getting off a school bus in Tulsa, Oklahoma.
- **September 24, 2009:** A student is beaten to death during a fight that broke out outside of Fenger High School in Chicago.
- **September 15, 2009:** A Coral Gables High School (FL) student is stabbed and killed at school.
- **September 14, 2009:** A student is beaten by several other students on a school bus in Belleville, Illinois.
- **August 21, 2008:** A 15-year old student is shot and killed during a dispute at a Knoxville, Tennessee high school.
- **February 25, 2008:** An Air Force enlisted member held his two children hostage before shooting and killing them in military housing adjacent to an elementary school.
- **February 14, 2008:** A gunman enters Cole Hall at Northern Illinois University, kills eight students and wounds 18 more.



# Other Events

- **May 5, 2007:** Greensburg, Kansas: Tornado destroys town, killing approximately 8 persons.
- **May 2007:** Montgomery County, MD, Fire and Rescue workers were called to a school after a student brought a broken thermometer to school.
- **April 16, 2007:** Shooter kills 32 students at Virginia Tech.
- **March 2007:** A 14-year old Shikellamy School District [PA] student admitted in court that she threatened to kill students and teachers.
- **March 2007:** A 15-year old Timber Creek HS [FL] baseball player went into cardiac arrest during a game, persons at the game started CPR and an Automatic External Defibrillator was brought in. Because of quick action he recovered.
- **March 2007:** A student trying to reconcile with his girl friend in a school parking lot [Clare, MI] pulled a gun from his backpack and shot his girlfriend 4 times. He then committed suicide. It was the second suicide in the rural community in a month.
- **Jan 2007:** An 84-year old woman drove her car through a cafeteria wall killing an 8-year old student and injuring two others. [Shiloh, Illinois]



# Why Have an Emergency Management Plan?

## Basic Statistics:

There is ample opportunity for incidents of all sorts to occur.

53 million students X 180 school days =  
about 9.5 billion student school days

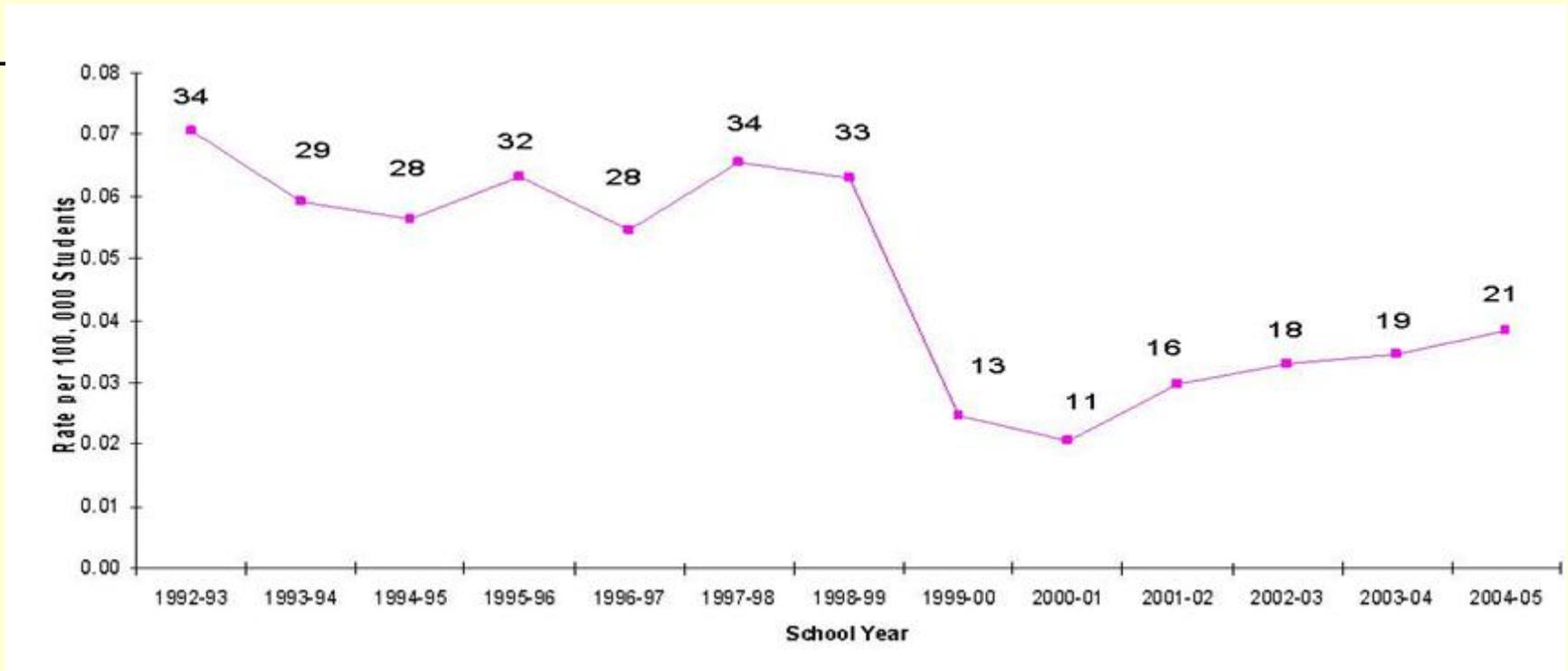


# Why Have an Emergency Management Plan?

- 4.2 million youth have asthma attacks (some in schools)
- 4 million children and adolescents are injured at school
- 767,000 incidents of violent crime at school (2006)
- Estimated 200,000 playground injuries each year
- 173,600 incidents of serious violent crime at school (2006)
- 1,408 suicides (ages 5-18) in community (2005-2006)
- 51,000 students hurt on school buses (2001-2003)
- 36,000 chemical exposures in schools (2003)
- 19 students homicide victims in school, and 1,646 in community (2005-2006)



# Figure 1. Number and rate of school-associated homicides among youth ages 5-18: 1992-2005<sup>a</sup>



<sup>a</sup>The Center for Disease Control's School-Associated Violent Death Study (SAVD)

NOTE: Data is considered preliminary until interviews with law enforcement and school officials are complete. Although the number of youth homicides ages 5-18 has increased from 11 in 2000-01 to 21 in 2004-05, this increase is not statistically significant. The number of school-associated violent deaths of youth ages 5-18 has declined since the beginning of the study. Nonetheless, the persistence of the problem and the pattern observed in recent years underscores the ongoing need for comprehensive prevention strategies.



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# What do we know about the status of school emergency management efforts?



**“Everybody is doing some things, but not everyone is doing the right things”**



# Government Accountability Office Report, GAO-07-609 (June 2007)

## GAO Key Findings:

- Ninety-five percent of districts have emergency management plans
- Content of plans varies significantly
- Most plans do not include plans for extended closures
- Plans have little involvement of community partners
- Ten percent of districts have never updated plans



# Government Accountability Office Report, GAO-07-609 (June 2007)

## GAO Key Findings (cont'd.):

- One quarter of districts have never practiced the plan or trained with first responders
- Sixty-two percent of districts cite lack of expertise, training, and equipment as a challenge
- Plans for students with disabilities vary considerably
- Over one quarter of districts report difficulty communicating with parents



# What do we want schools and school districts to do?



# What Do We Want Schools and School Districts To Do?

1. Have an emergency management plan that addresses the four phases of emergency management



# What Do We Want Schools and School Districts To Do?

2. Have an emergency management plan that takes an “all-hazards” approach.

High Base Rate Incidents	Low Base Rate Incidents
Low Impact	High Impact
Bullying	Intruders
Minor Accidents	Weapons / Guns
Fighting (without injury)	Assault with Injury
Automobile Related Issues	Homicides
Drug Possession	Chemical Accidents



# Have A School Emergency Management Plan That:

3. Is developed collaboratively with community partners and is based upon sound data, information, and assessment [risk, vulnerability, consequence].
4. Is practiced on a regular basis.
5. Includes an Incident Command System (ICS) structure coordinated with first responders, which aligns with the National Incident Management System (NIMS).



# Have A School Emergency Management Plan That (Cont'd.):

6. Addresses students and staff with disabilities.
7. Is tailored to conditions of individual schools and offices.
8. Addresses “Emerging Issues” such as, H1N1, Staph Infections (or MRSA).
9. Includes a plan for extended school closures and continuity of operations.
10. Is continually reviewed and updated.



# Key Lessons Learned

## 1. Not everything is costly!

- Use existing data sources to assess risk.
- Use existing expertise to assess vulnerabilities.
- Use community partners to expand options for services.
- Take advantage of what is on credible Web sites.
- Improve efficiency by collaborating / sharing [building plans, communication needs] with community partners.
- Use community resources to expand drills.



# Key Lessons Learned (Cont'd.)

2. **If something could go wrong, it will; anticipate and plan for:**
  - Key staff not being present at time of emergency.
  - Communications equipment not working.
  - Evacuation site not being available, or not suitable on day it is needed.
  - Multiple events to happen concurrently.



# Key Lessons Learned (Cont'd.)

## 3. **Everyone has value. Do not exclude anyone in the overall process.**

- Do not forget the school secretary, custodian, teachers aides, office workers, nurses, parents, students, and food service workers.

## 4. **Stuff happens in places other than school buildings.**

- Do not forget buses, offices, alternative schools and school sponsored trips and events.

## 5. **Keep it as simple [but comprehensive] as possible!**

- Flip charts are not comprehensive emergency plans, they are only part of a plan. Have plans for lockdown, evacuation, and shelter-in-place.



# Key Lessons Learned (Cont'd.)

## 6. Every school has resources that can be used to assist in the development / refinement / improvement of their emergency plan.

- Photo club to take photos of schools for first responders.
- Drama club to assist in drills.
- Nurses / SROs that are trained in first aid.
- Computer expertise to assist in designing procedures for tracking students, communicating with parents.
- Connections with parents and parent groups.



# Key Lessons Learned (Cont'd.)

7. **Provide key players with detailed information about the plan and about the schools.**
  
8. **It takes a village to develop an effective emergency management plan. If you go it alone you will fail! Every school needs to coordinate with:**
  - All first responders
  - Health and Mental Health Officials
  - Other Non-public schools



# Key Lessons Learned (Cont'd.)

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9. **Review – Revise – Review on a regular basis.**
10. **In order to be effective, plans have to be practiced with community partners.**
11. **Get support of leadership.**



# Available Resources

- Training
  - Emergency Management for Schools
- REMS Technical Assistance Center (<http://rems.ed.gov>)
  - Publications
    - Newsletters
    - Lessons Learned
    - Helpful Hints
  - Webinars



# Available Resources (Cont'd.)

- U.S. Department of Education's Emergency Planning Web site
  - [www.ed.gov/emergencyplan](http://www.ed.gov/emergencyplan)
- Readiness and Emergency Management for Schools Technical Assistance (TA) Center
  - <http://rems.ed.gov/>
- The School Preparedness Virtual Town Hall
  - <http://www.vodium.com/goto/dhs/schoolprep.asp>
- Practical Information on Crisis Planning: A Guide for Schools and Communities

